The Saturday Evening Post.

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THE CARRIERS of the SATURDAY EVENING POST present to their Patrons the following Address, on the commencement of the year 1823.

TIME, the dread Traveller, whose way
Knows not obstruction,—whose career
Naught but the UNCREATE can stay,
Hath, to Eternity's wide scroll,
The nameless record of the soul,
Added, with tireless hand, a Year.

PATRONS! 'tis ours with artless song
To greet ye—and the hope we frame,
That peace her visits may prolong
To you, boasts but the simple name
Of GRATITUDE—this shall be yours
While feeling, or while Truth endures.

We envy not the sparks that gleam
Within the heart, to virtue dead,
Where Gratitude, angelic theme!
Her oil of kindness never shed.
Colder that breast than Zembla's snow,
Where naught but selfishness can glow.

We haste, exultingly, to share
The willing smile our toil hath won,
This to deserve hath been our aim;
Bestow it, and the boon we'll wear
Upon our hearts, our guide, our sun,—
Obtain'd, we ask no other fame.

For you—hath labour lent her hours,
And diligence bestowed its prime;
From sea and land, from ev'ry coast
Intelligence with all her powers
Hath cull'd her sweets—and every clime
Hath yielded tribute for our POST.

The wrongs of nations, and the deed
Of cruelty, our page have dy'd;
Nor have we shunn'd, with honest zeal
And crime-detesting warmth, to speak
Of those who bade the guiltless bleed,
And roll'd the desolating tide
O'er fertile plains, and sheath'd their steel
Within the bosom of the Greek.

And, passing moments to amuse,
The din of conflict was the theme,
Not, gentle Patrons! that we choose
To stain our sheet with *glory's* dream,
Were choice our own, O surely naught
But soothing sounds should meet the ear:
Since Cumming with M'Duffie fought
Our page must be the chronicler.

To talk of *Cologne water* sure
Was naughty, and the silken vest
To barricade the hero's breast,
Indeed, indeed, sirs! was a lure
Of wicked wage—for we've no doubt
They, too, were brave, or such a rout
Would not have serv'd the summer long
To feast the wits, or aid our song.

Old England—seat of base intrigue
Of beggary and royal pride,
Has been our theme—the Holy League,
And Londonderry's suicide,—
But chief of all—the visit royal
Of that good monarch, the 4th George,
(Who landed from a silk barge,)
To his true Scottish subjects loyal,—

What glorious times when Edinboro'
Rush'd forth to bid the king good morrow!
Walter,—we mean Sir Walter came,
Sir Walter in the peerless name,
Of many a lady, aye of note,
And with a speech well conn'd by rote,
Gave a rich Cross of silver ore,
To him who ne'er had cross before.

DEAR NATIVE LAND! still dost thou claim
The heart's warm impulse ever true—
First born of Freedom! heir of fame,
Our fondest wishes rise for you.
But whence the gloom that shrouds thy shore
Why droop thy beauteous laurels so?
'Tis ALLEN welt'ring in his gore,
Crush'd by the hellish pirate foe.

Island of blood! thy bounding waves
Are deeply stain'd with loathing crime,—
Land of the despot, soil of slaves—
Thy name shall blot the scroll of Time.
See Vengeance rising from her throne,
Arm'd with the trophies of the tomb,—
That mercy thou hast never known
Shall not avert thy righteous doom.

PATRONS!—our gratulations still
Attend you through time's brief career,—
May heaven our ardent wish fulfil
That mercies rich may crown your YEAR.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

TO MY BIRTH-DAY.

'Once more the anxious day arrives,
That gave my body birth,
The day that from the earth
Rais'd up the feeble form that lives.

The thought transports my inmost soul:
Let mirth and joy combin'd,
Enrapture all my mind,
And every care in slumbers lull.

But though hilarity abound,
My anxious thoughts increase
To interrupt my peace,
And all my soul with awe confound.

How many fleeting years have roll'd
Before my thoughtless eyes,
Fast as an arrow flies,
Or like a trifling tale that's told.

My early days, time that I lov'd
Are gone and all pass'd o'er,
Returning never more,
And though not lost, yet unimprov'd.

Let this reflection make me strive,
And use my utmost pow'rs,
To catch the fleeting hours,
As future birth days shall arrive.

C.

HOME.

Home! 'tis the name of all that sweetens life,
It speaks the warm affections of a wife:
The lisping babe that prattles on the knee,
In all the playful grace of infancy:
The spot where fond parental love may trace
The glowing virtues of an infant race:
Oh! 'tis a word of more than magic spell,
Whose sacred power the wanderer best can tell.
He who long distant from his native land,
Feels at the name of home his soul expand:
Whether as patriot, husband, father, friend,
To that dear point his wishes bend:
And still he owns, where'er his footsteps roam,
Life's choicest blessings centre all AT HOME.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

"Hard hearted avarice guards with bolted door,
His useless treasures from the starving poor:
Loads the lone hours with misery and care,
And lives a beggar to enrich his heir."

Avarice is a vice of very extensive influence among men, and it has often called forth severe censures from the pens of moralists and writers who have laboured to correct the follies of mankind. St. Paul declared, "money is the root of all evil."—The man who loves money merely for its own sake, without regard to the good purposes of life it is designed to serve, is a miser; and this depravity of heart seems in many instances, to show itself in very early life, and leads to the commission of crimes, so numerous, that no wonder it should be stigmatized as the most prolific source of evil. It produces an uncharitable, an unnatural temper towards our fellow creatures—it blunts all the finer feelings of the soul—it hardens the heart against the sufferings of humanity, and shuts the ear to the cries of distress.—These, are comparatively mild, but detestable effects of an avaricious spirit which becomes most execrable when it breaks forth against the public weal, whets the assassin's knife, and immolates its victim on the blood-stained altar of its own rapacity—

"When avarice enslaves the mind
"And selfish views alone bears sway,
"Man turns a savage to his kind,
"And blood and rapine mark his way."

Melancholy, indeed, would be the picture of only half the enormities committed for the sake of money—and if we may judge mankind by their actions, the love of self would be found to be the universal predominant passion—shewing itself in youthful life, increasing with the increase of years, and flourishing more than any other corrupt propensity amid the decays of old age—What a wonderful spectacle to view the battered body, tottering under the infirmities of years, no longer able to *enjoy* the pleasures fitted for it, seeking enjoyment amid heaps of accumulated wealth, and deluded by its deceitful splendour, is ready to exclaim "Money thou art my God."—But what must be the awful condition of the soul of the covetous and the rich—he is continually upon the rack—suffers perpetual anxiety and apprehension for the safety of his treasure—a trifling loss frets his spirit, and if disappointment attends any of his schemes of adding to his possessions, he "turns away his face and will eat no bread."

"Deluded man, self-cruel and perverse of heart,
Basks for vain toys the jewel of his soul." R.

The Emigrant;

OR, THE BIRD OF PARADISE.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN.

In the demolition of old buildings, many an honest creature is driven from its resting place.—Thus it happened in the destruction of the ancient French monarchy. Noblemen of the different orders, emigrated in bands from their native country. Many took up arms to recover their lost rights; many went, as the 'prentice boys express themselves, to fight. A hero of this description passed through Bavaria, begging from door to door. His shabby coat had been so roughly treated by the hand of time, that it was similar in appearance to a sieve; yet some traces of its former grandeur, and the cross of the order of Louis fixed in the buttonhole, was still visible. He entered a village, which had been nearly deprived of all its inhabitants, in order to fill the army. Elspeth, the wife of the magistrate, sat alone before the house door; her imagination was roaming in the fields of Elysium, employed with the spirit of her first husband, who had died about twelve months previously, and whom, to the great vexation of her second mate, she could never forget. Otherwise, reader mark well, she was a little simple and a little deaf. The emigrant opened his petition with her in broken German. Elspeth inquired meekly, 'from what country, friend?' The Knight answered, 'from Paris.'

'From Paradise!'* exclaimed the simple, hard hearing rustic, staring him in the face. 'From Paradise!' repeated she, astonished.

'Direct from there,' replied the Frenchman; who immediately resolved to apply this strange mistake either to his diversion, or, if he could, to his advantage.

'From Paradise!' she asked the third time, her hands clasped over her head in astonishment. 'In my whole life I never saw any person that came from that place.'

'Very probable! There are daily new things occurring under the sun.' 'Then you are really from the place where the good live after their death?' 'Certainly yes!' 'Why then you must know my dear, blessed husband.' 'Without doubt. What is his name?' 'Martin.' 'Martin—Martin—there are many Martins there; I know a tall, a thick—' 'The thick! the thick!' 'The thick Martin? The honest fellow! Oh! he is my most intimate friend!' 'Is'nt it so, an't he a right good soul?' 'Well how does he do?' 'Sometimes not for the best.' 'Oh, ave Maria, what ails him?' 'He is hearty as a roach, but has often nothing whatever to eat.'—'The poor man!' 'His dress is likewise very shabby, and he is a real Sansculate.' 'The unfortunate fellow! If any person only could help him!' 'That you can do easily yourself.' 'Were it only possible. Dear sir, or angel—I don't rightly know how I shall call you—only tell me how.' 'Through me. True, I was never accustomed to carry messages, but always kept people enough about me, who did every thing I required: yet in friendship for your husband, if you wish to send him a bundle of clothes and some money, I will take it for him.' 'Oh, that I will do from the bottom of my soul! Then you are returning again to Paradise?' 'Certainly. In three days I shall be there again.'

Elspeth immediately went to work, and gathered the holiday suits of her former husband, filled a purse with ducats, and gave all to the Emigrant, with these words, 'Carry the whole bundle to Martin to ameliorate his sad condition, and salute him a thousand times for me.' 'Good,' was the reply, 'it shall certainly be delivered: but you must give me some money for messenger's fees, and likewise some to pay toll at the gate of the holy St. Peter.' Having obtained what he demanded he departed.

Shortly afterwards, Casper, the magistrate, returned from the fields, and his spouse related the occurrence to him.

'Oh, you unheard of simpleton!' he angrily exclaimed, 'you have suffered yourself to be finely overreached. This may have been, for aught I know, a fine bird of Paradise. Which way went the cheat?'

Elspeth pointed out the direction, and the magistrate ordered his servant immediately to saddle the horse; which having been performed, he immediately mounted and put him to his speed. The Knight in the mean time, had not travelled a snail's pace; he had already reached a small forest, some distance off when he heard the sound of a horse in full gallop approaching him. 'Ha!' thought he, 'without doubt a person in pursuit of me.' He hastily hid his bundle in a thicket; then like an unsuspecting traveller, went slowly a few steps farther on, and that he might not be too far from his booty he seated himself on a stone at the way side. A turn in the road prevented the magistrate from witnessing this transaction; and in spite of his imagined wisdom he had entirely forgotten to ask a description of the Bird of Paradise: he therefore thought—shall I suspect this pilgrim who seems so innocent, and withal has no bundle?—No, this would be unjust. In consequence of this, he rode up and inquired 'whether he had not seen a good-for-nothing scoundrel pass by with a bundle?' 'Yes, indeed,' said the Frenchman, 'this moment a nimble fellow, with a bundle under his arm, leaped over the fence and forced himself into the thickets. I had my own thoughts of him. I thought perhaps he might be a thief.' 'To be sure it is such a d—n'd dog!' exclaimed Casper: 'if I catch him, I will beat him soundly. I am only at a loss where to leave my horse, as I can't ride over fences, thorns and hedges.' 'No no, that went do,' cried the sharper; 'stay, I'll assist you, and hold him until you return: but then you must give me a few coppers.' 'That I will,' said the magistrate, and sprung from his horse, gave the bridle to the emigrant, and run full speed into the forest. The Knight of the rueful countenance had no sooner lost sight of the imprudent man, than, rejoicing that he had so easily likewise obtained a horse, saddle and bridle, mounted the steed and was off quick as lightning.

Casper searched the forest until his garments were almost torn to pieces. Tired of the fruitless chase, he returned, and was murmuring that notwithstanding the loss he had already sustained, he must yet reward the person holding his horse.—With these thoughts he arrived at the place whence he had departed from two hours before, and was much surprised to see neither man nor horse. 'What is the meaning of this?' With these words he stretched his neck, stood upon his tiptoes and cried out, 'Hallo? where are you with the horse?' Receiving no answer, he became enraged, stamped on the ground, and finally climbed up a tree, where he could see several miles around him, but beheld no horse.

"And then with dreadful rage he cries,
Villain he is, I see full well:
Oh thou curs'd bird of Paradise,
That thou might'st end thy ride in hell."

With more wishes of the same kind, he descended from the tree, and fatigued cast himself on the earth, and uttered the following soliloquy: 'No man can be wise at all times. Yes, if a person has been wise for fifty years, still at last a foolish moment will overtake him. Oh! Casper, Casper, you pursued a rogue and suffered him to overreach you. This is, with respect be it said, a touch of a fool's wisdom. How I lost my horse, I dare not even tell my wife, whom I am always upbraiding with her ignorance, lest she laugh at me in her sleeve, and forever afterwards hold up my wisdom in disrespect. How! how shall I quick deceive her?' He considered a moment, then sprung up, exclaimed, 'that will do,' and hastened home.

Elspeth, his spouse, stood at the door. He went up to her in a friendly manner, and said—'This time I ask your pardon. You have trusted your presents for the blessed Martin to a safe hand. The honest fellow that troubles himself with it, really resides in Paradise, and showed me his genuine passport, signed by the holy Saint Peter.'—'Oh, then there is another load from my mind,' answered she, 'but why do you return on foot?'—'Is it possible you are so simple that you cannot guess the reason?' said Casper; 'why then I will tell you:—The good, obliging fellow fatigued and wearied himself so much with your heavy bundle, that I pitied him; and that he might be able to prosecute his journey with greater ease and facility, I made him a present of the horse.'

*In the original, the mistake and the play on the words is more natural, the words being pronounced *Pouvres—Pauvredes*.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Time, and the improvements of science, have introduced such changes and alterations into the English language that it now requires considerable application and labor to decipher the text of some antique works, printed two or three centuries ago—even the orthography of ancient times is calculated to puzzle the brains of some readers. Words, which doubtless had a specific and plain meaning in former days, have now become obsolete, or convey a meaning quite different. Thus, St. Paul, in some very old English translations of the New Testament, is made to style himself in his epistles, "a villain of Jesus Christ," "a knave of Jesus Christ"—these would be very absurd terms to call the holy Apostle in our day. There is no doubt but that many obscurities of the sacred text owe their origin to this change in our language. The pages of Shakspeare are so replete with obscure phrases, and obsolete terms, that the commentaries of the learned are indispensably requisite to unravel his meaning. In an old work, supposed to have been printed some centuries ago, there are some verses addressed to a young lady (of beauty and merit no doubt) in which her admiring lover calls her "a *fair haired trulle*," "a *louelie wench*," &c. very tender and endearing epithets, at that time probably—but very *mal apropos* in love's vocabulary in our time. *Wench* was formerly a common term for a young girl, now it will only apply to *niggers*, or as they call themselves "*ladies of colour*."—Pedant, used to mean a schoolmaster—now the word gives you an idea of a stiff, formal and conceited man of literature. Leech, signified a medical doctor; so in Drydan,

"Wise *leeches* will not vain receipts intrude
While growing pains pronounce the humours crude."

These are but a few of the whimsical synonymies used in *olden* times—and altho' we think our language has attained great perfection, posterity may deride us for our awkward absurdities of diction.

FRAMPTON.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

IDLE HOURS—No. 6.

It was now that season of the year when spring, released from the prison-house of nature, trails her beauties over hill and valley, and re-animates the torpid insects of summer. The groves put forth their little leaves to the sun, white flowers were springing up in the meadows, the labourers' axe was heard in the distant woodlands, and the wasps hummed along the sunny wall of the cottage. Louisa looked with a melancholy eye over the scene which a year ago she regarded with delight. She appeared as if awakened from a dream, the magic fondness of which had fled forever. But as the reader is, perhaps, desirous to know something of the parent of Louisa, and is no doubt, even now, wondering what the old gentleman could think of the affair—for it was beginning to make a pretty loud noise in the neighbourhood; and it very often happens, especially in small towns, that every one knows much more about the affairs of his neighbour than about his own, particularly in matters of love. And so in this case. Matrons shrugged their shoulders as they looked upon their daughters; the Maids screwed up their mouths and looked slyly at each other—while the young lads and modest lasses of the village, who, of course, must have something to talk about, laid fast hold of this as a subject of universal interest. But, pardon me, this is a digression. Her father, I was going to say, was one of those active men we often meet with, who are eternally busy about they know not what—cared little about the affairs of others, and knew less about his own. When the weather would permit he was commonly seen sitting in his porch, with a book lying at his side, though he read little else than the almanac, and has often been heard to say, "if he could only live comfortably it was all he desired." His mother had been a woman of a very different disposition. Always careful of whatever concerned the welfare of her family, she had spared no pains in imparting the useful admonitions of her experience, and had she lived Louisa would certainly have been a different girl. But the uncertainty of life often leaves us destitute of friends when most we need them, and Louisa often reflected upon the adieu given by her mother, and could now regret the deprivation of her guardian goodness.

Days, weeks, and months passed away, Louisa heard nothing to induce her to hope, and she resolved when Alfred returned to bring about a reconciliation with him. Her former regard for him now returned. She went no where but she beheld something to call to mind their early happiness. Every flower that sprung up in her garden recalled him to her recollection and when seated in the green arbour where oft they had sat together, she now could only feel lonely and sad. In her reflecting moments she often fancied she saw him far at sea, standing pensively upon deck with his face turned towards home, while the ship dashed proudly onward through the curling waves of the ocean.

Alfred's success in trade was beyond his most sanguine expectations, and the next season he returned with a large fortune. The knowledge he had acquired by travelling added greatly to his improvement, so that he was considered not only the richest but the most accomplished gentleman known at the village. Immediately after his arrival, he took a journey to the westward which gave Louisa no opportunity of seeing or having any communication with him. He here met with a lady of distinguished merit, whom he soon after married. He returned, purchased an elegant situation at some distance from his native village, where he has ever since resided, and enjoyed all the happiness of connubial love. The father of Louisa died some years since; she now lives with a distant relative scarcely known to any but the family where she resides. Age has began to draw his wrinkles on her face—the lustre of her eye has departed and she now feels herself neglected and miserable.

Such is the story of Louisa—Whoever reads may comment for themselves. H—.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

BROAD HINTS.

It is no place to learn manners at Church, and on that account perhaps it may not be amiss to learn some before we go. My Uncle is good at writing and giving advice, and from him I received the following directions, which, if well attended to, may enable our hopeful youth to shine:—

1. Enter the Church after the sermon has commenced, making as much noise as possible with iron bound boots: this will exempt you from being thought *casuille*, and make even the sexton stare at you.

2. Take your seat, if possible, under the pulpit if the house be crowded, or else in the first pew: by this you will be taken for a stranger of distinction.

3. If you happily use tobacco let the ladies know it; tincture a white dress or silk shoe and you are the man.

4. Dont forget to stare in the ladies' faces: if you miss this you never will be thought a man of the world.

5. If you are a parent be sure that your children run out and in during service; the noise of the pew doors will be delectable: if you can contrive to make all the persons in the pew rise at their exit and entrance, admirable!—*Section 2d.* Your children should be well versed in tearing and soiling hymn books, throwing hats down, &c.

6. As all genteel people stay from church in the afternoon, you will of course do so; however, as a compliment to the preacher, send your children: this will not only be agreeable to the congregation but will evince your care in instructing your offspring in manners.

7. After hearing a sermon, find as much fault as possible; this will show good sense; should any well informed person defend it, tell him that if the minister would call black, white, he would swallow it—this is the best way to stop discussion.

8. If the preacher has thrown light on his subject by good translation of scripture, do not forget to warn your friends against him—say he's an infidel.

9. One thing never forget; all our youth should recollect it. Lounge round the steps about meeting time, swarm near the door—this conduct will perhaps recommend you as sextons, and is peculiarly gratifying to ladies.

Now, Mr. Printer, let the nine rules be studied, and when I go again to church will think of something else as it is a fine field for politeness.

POLLY SMALLFRY.

COLLECTANEA.

SELECTED FROM A LONDON PUBLICATION.

THE APPARITION.

'Twas silence all—the rising moon
With clouds had veil'd her light:
The clock struck twelve, when lo! I saw
A very *chilling* sight.

Pale as a snow ball was its face,
Like icicles its hair;
For mantle, it appear'd to me
A sheet of ice to wear.

Though seldom given to alarm,
Indeed, I'll not dissemble,
My teeth all chatter'd in my head,
And every joint did tremble.

At last I cried, "Pray who are you,
And whither do you go?"
Methought the phantom thus replied—
"My name is *Sally Snow*.

My father is the Northern Wind,
My mother's name was Water,
Old Parson Winter married them,
And I'm their hopeful daughter!

I have a lover, Jacky Frost,
My dad the match condemns:
I've run from home to night, to meet
My lover on the Thames."

I stopp'd Miss Snow in her discourse,
This answer just to cast in—
"I hope if John and you unite,
Your union wont be *lasting*.

Besides, if you should marry him,
You never would do well, oh!
For I know Jacky Frost to be
A very *slippery* fellow!"

She sat her down before the fire;
My wonder now increases,
For she I took to be a maid,
Now tumbled into pieces!

For "air, thin air," did Hamlet's ghost
His form at cock-crow barter:
But what I saw and now describe
Dissolv'd itself—in Water!

CARD EXTRAORDINARY.

Sampey Sunset, sole executor and residuary legatee of the late Mr. Jarman, chimney-sweeper, begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen of P——nance, that he has succeeded to the brushes and brooms, and (he humbly hopes) to the abilities of his benefactor. Sampey flatters himself, that those ladies and gentlemen who may favour him with their commands, will find its effects marked by the same *nicety of tone, dexterity of manner, precision of movement, and harmony of handling*, which distinguished the execution of his never-to be sufficiently-lamented predecessor.

Among his sires,
In yonder grove, the druid sleeps
But blaze ye fires,
For in his room
A Sampey wields the broom,
And with a kindred skill, a kindred chimney sweeps.

N. B.—Smokey chimnies cured on Count Rumford's principles. Grates fixed, and aperient angles ascertained with the nicest accuracy, whether intended for *culinary* or *vestal* purposes—to *roast a goose, or warm an old maid.*

PERTHSHIRE RECOLLECTIONS.

Bessie Bell and Mary Grey,
They were twa bonny lassies;
They built a bower on yon burn brae,
And thatched it o'er wi' rashes.

During the mortal plague which raged in Scotland about the middle of the 15th century, these "twa bonnie lassies," in a mingled spirit, perhaps of romance and prudent caution, retired to a pleasant "burn side," on the estate of L——, in Perthshire, where they built them a little house of the shrubs and bushes which waved in sweet luxuriance around them; and providing a supply of such comforts of nature as they should direct, designed to remain in their happy seclusion till the terrors of the pestilence were overpast. A lover of one of our fair friends, however, impelled by affection, made a visit to their asylum, and unfortunately bore with him the mortal infection in his clothing. The dear object of his soul's regard fell the first victim. The dear companion of her retirement shortly followed; and the same moss-grown grave which wraps their common clay, is still pointed out to the passing traveller, and is still hallowed by a thousand tender sentiments.

A country parish in New-Hampshire proposed to their pastor to raise his salary from $250 to $300 per annum. "Spare me, my christian friends," replied the worthy man; "it is a weary burden to collect the $250; I should be worn to death by trying to scramble together the 300."

FROM THE AMERICAN DAILY ADVERTISER.

Written on hearing a Sermon preached by ELIAS HICKS, *12th Mo. 12, 1822.*

Yes—we saw thee stand before us,
Heard the words thy lips impart.
Felt that heavenly Love was o'er us,
For each sentence touch'd the heart.

To the work by Heaven appointed,
Thou the light of Truth hast shed,
Coming as the Lord's anointed,
Knowledge of His will to spread.

As on Sinai's holy mountain
Shone the prophet's face divine,
Effulgent thus from heavenly Fountain
Rays of Truth illumined thine.

Like some Angel sent from Heaven,
To instruct the human race,
Were thy admonitions given
From the source of Truth and Grace.

Thou no untaught doctrine teachest,
But that which was erst received;
God's eternal Truth thou preachest,
That His Saints have all believed.

From that hour the Star of Glory
Shone on Judea's hallow'd ground,
When the Shepherds sang the story,
When the Infant King was found.

Thro' the gloom of darkest ages,
Truth has shone with piercing ray,
And the balm that pain assuages
Shed on hearts that own'd its sway.

To the Light of Grace inshining
Thro' the darkness of our souls,
We must bow with hearts inclining,
To His will that ours controuls.

Thus we learn by Revelation,
What the will of God makes known;
Thus we bow in adoration,
Humbly at the Saviour's Throne.

Need we then the long narration,
As the means our Heaven to win;
No, we purchase our Salvation
By the Light of Christ within.

By the eternal Word of Power,
Manifest within the mind,
Acting in the silent hour,
On the thoughts of human kind.

For this Holy Truth professing,
Long our fathers suffered sore,
Long contended for the blessing,
Given to the Saints before.

Now, again the way thou showest
That the Apostles ever trod;
Heaven reward *Thee* as thou goest
On the errand of thy God.

Persecutions here attend thee,
Which the Saints have ever known,
But the Eternal shall defend thee
From the shafts that hate has thrown.

Mark'st thou, when from hence retiring,
When this tour of toil shall cease,
Ere thy soul to God aspiring,
And enjoy His holy peace.

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

Obituary of an old Acquaintance.—Died on Tuesday night last, precisely at twelve o'clock, a lady who is known to us all, and has been our companion for the last twelve months. As was formerly said of another member of the same family, she is quietly buried in the family vault of eternity. Her *offspring*, all of whom were cut off at the same time, consisted 365 sons and daughters, called *days* and *nights*; 8760 grand children, married into the family of the *hours*; 525,000 great grand children, named *minutes*; and 31,536,000 great great grand children, of the pigmy race of the *seconds*."

This good lady, who has seen so many of the sons and daughters of the earth sink into the bosom of their mother, now herself bears witness to the inconstancy of all things.—She has seen beauty cut off in its prime; genius suddenly snatched from the admiring eye of men; she has seen Canova himself laid in his tomb—she has seen a prime minister of England become his own assassin—she has seen some of our own nearest and tenderest ties rent asunder, private fortunes upturned, and public empires silently or openly yielding to the touch of Revolution. Though not a witness to as many important events as several of her predecessors, yet she too has witnessed many a struggle. She has seen the genius of liberty more firmly planting her foot on the shores of South America—she has seen the empire of the Montezumas usurped by a pretended imitator of the virtues of Washington—she has beheld a constitutional government more permanently organized in Portugal and Spain—the Greeks starting from the slumber of twelve hundred years, and almost vieing with the heroes of Marathon and Thermopylæ—she has seen the dark conclave of legitimate princes hatching new schemes of usurpation within the halls of Verona—the world regarding them like the baleful comet "portending change;" and ruin to the rights of mankind. In these United States she has collected but little to enter into the tablets of history—our people at peace—our prosperity silently advancing—and [illegible] important struggle exhibited: but only [illegible] distant theories of a contest for the [illegible] office of the government.

She has gone, but bequeathing as her successor another who is like her. While we write upon her tomb the name of

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we should remember how fugitive is time, and how impossible it is to arrest it.

Literary.

We have lately had the satisfaction to receive, says the N. Y. Statesman, through the agency of a friend of Messrs. Carey & Lea, a copy of a work recently published by them in Philadelphia, and published simultaneously under the superintendance of their agent in England, entitled "An account of an Expedition from Pittsburg to the Rocky Mountains, performed in the years 1819 and 1820, by order of the Hon. J. C. Calhoun, Secretary of War, under the command of Major Stephen H. Long; from the notes of Major Long, Mr. T. Say, and other gentlemen of the exploring party: compiled by Edwin James, botanist and geologist to the expedition."

We understand the patronage of the war department has been extended to the gentlemen who have been nearly a year engaged in arranging and condensing their voluminous materials for the press, and we take pleasure in announcing the result of their labors as very replete with important information relating to the aboriginal inhabitants, the geography, mineralogy, geology, botany, climate, and natural resources of an extensive and heretofore almost unknown portion of our country. The work is comprised in two large octavo volumes, accompanied with an atlas containing maps, geological sections and landscape views. The maps and sections appear to have been constructed by Major Long, and the landscape views are by Mr. Seymour, who was attached to the expedition as draftsman.

The matter connected with natural history and the manners and customs of the Indians has been collected and arranged by Mr. Say and Dr. James assisted by Mr. T. Peale. They have also had the benefit of the MSS. of the late Dr. Baldwin, who was originally botanist to the expedition, and the MSS. of M. Jessup, who was attached to the exploring party as mineralogist until it arrived at Council Bluff.

On reading this valuable and scientific work, we have distinguished, among much highly interesting matter, as papers of superior merit, the treatise on Indian manners and customs by Mr. Say, and the geological report by Dr. James. The style of the work is throughout unaffected, perspicuous, and sometimes elegant: the subjects of inquiry are numerous and the remarks are recorded in the form of a journal or diary, with manifest precision and veracity. For depth of research, scope of observation, and accuracy of scientific detail, the volumes before us may be compared with the splendid productions of the most distinguished European travellers. To Major Long, assisted by Lieut. Graham and Cadet Swift, we are principally indebted for the astronomical and meteorological observations, as well as for the facts illustrative of the geography of the regions visited by the expedition. The narrative is given in the language of Dr. James, and is enriched by the contributions of several gentlemen of the party who have kept voluminous and minute journals.

Candour, accuracy, various knowledge, diligent observation, insatiable curiosity, and devotion to his pursuit, seem to have qualified the compiler for his arduous and responsible undertaking.

The execution of the maps and other decorations is in a respectable style, and we judge the whole work to be the most satisfactory production of the kind hitherto presented to the American public.

Weekly Compendium.

FOREIGN.

Hunt made his formal entry into London, Nov. 10th with a cavalcade of 10,000 horsemen, chariots, banners, inscriptions, &c.

General Morillo arrived at Madrid on the 4th of November, under a strong escort, and was immediately conducted to prison.

A great sensation has been excited at Constantinople, by a firman against articles of luxury, the particular objects of which are furs, cashmire shawls, silks, &c. whether of European or Indian manufacture. The English merchants were seriously affected by its operation.

News from Ceuta mentions, that the Emperor of Morocco, who had put himself at the head of his troops to punish a rebellious province, has been completely defeated, and forced to fly to Tangier.

News from Genoa states, that the British Consul at Tripoli has been assassinated in a popular tumult.

Extract of a letter from Candia. "The last enterprize of the Turks in this island has totally failed; their army of 21,000 strong has been beaten in all its points of attack. A corps of Albanians, in the service of the Pacha of Egypt, has been almost entirely destroyed. More than 8,000 men have been lost during this campaign. The Greek army is scarcely 12,000 strong."

M. Berzelius, Secretary of Sciences at Stockholm, has been nominated by the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris, to the situation of the Foreign Member of that institution, rendered vacant by the death of the celebrated astronomer Herschell.

The London Traveller says, "Mr. Chas. Brinsley Sheridan's Thoughts of the Greek Revolution" convey one piece of important intelligence, and we think it deserves undoubted reliance. "The Greeks have risen in order to recover Greece!" Now this information is concise, clear, and intelligible, which is more than can be said of any other page in the pamphlet.

A quarrel took place at Frome, in Somersetshire, between two men; when about to set-to, one of them observed that his opponent had but one eye, and scorning to take the least advantage, immediately and gallantly tied his handkerchief over one of his own eyes.

Religion has suffered a deep wound thro' one of its most eminent dignitaries. The ecclesiastical authorities, after a long and patient investigation, having been satisfied of the guilt and aggravation of the unnatural crime committed by Lord John George de la Poer Beresford, Lord Bishop of Clogher, have publicly pronounced his see to be vacant, and have ordered its name to be changed, to efface if possible the recollection of his infamy. The wretched being has fled to the continent to avoid the punishment of death which would await his conviction before a civil tribunal. His connections are of the highest respectability and worth, and are in the deepest distress. He was next brother of the Marquis of Waterford.

A correspondent on whom we place much reliance, has favoured us with the following anecdote, which has not before appeared in print:—The celebrated Mr. C—ke of Norfolk, whose predilection for bearing Radical Addresses to the throne is proverbial, had laid so many at the feet of the most exalted Personage in the realm, that at length his majesty with a good humoured smile, said to him, "If you bring me up any more of these Addresses, C—ke, I'll surely *Knight you.*"

The house of Assembly of Jamaica, has passed a bill, authorising a duty of 5s. per gallon, on all brandy and gin imported into that Island. This measure has been resorted to in order to check the practice of smuggling, which was carried to so great an extent as materially to affect the revenue.

Three culprits were lately convicted at Montreal, of Manslaughter, and a part of the sentence of the court was, that they should each be burnt in the hand. The Governor General has remitted that part of the sentence.

A man named Francois Frichett a Canadian, lately died at Montreal in consequence of having been bitten by a dog.

Several of the passengers in the Post Coach, which runs from Kingston to Montreal, were much hurt by its upsetting on the road on the 25th ult. Mr. M'Gillivray and Mr. Fraser, are mentioned as having received very severe contusions.

Agents from the Canadian Unionists and Anti-unionists, are to be sent to London.

In Canada, a Canal is contemplated from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario.

It is affirmed in a letter from Laguira, that Mr. Zea has raised upwards of nine million dollars in London, for the Colombian Republic, and bought an immense quantity of clothing and necessaries for the army.

The U. S. brig Spark, arrived at Port Royal, Jamaica, on the 6th ult. On the 27th Nov. a Spanish fleet from Cadiz, consisting of 11 vessels, one of which was a frigate, with 2000 troops on board, for Vera Cruz, appeared off Barracoa, and sent in a ketch to procure pilots for the Gulf of Mexico.

An account is given in one of the latest London papers of the capture, by the Police, of a company of players, and their audience. It appears that complaints had repeatedly been made by the inhabitants in the Kent road, against certain scenes that were exhibited at an old floor cloth manufactory in Manning-place, which had been converted into a Temple for the Muses, which was nightly visited by the most abandoned of both sexes. Two pence was the price of admittance, but even a penny was not refused. The night of the capture, there was supposed to be 500 persons in the house. Jane Shore was the play, which was suddenly cut short by the Police Officers. The scene that followed beggars description—and the whole was enlivened by the bawling of children, the screams of the women and the noise of the men. Several dogs, too, had got admission, and added to the noise which was raised. The performers, eight in number, and 150 of the audience, were marched to the Police Office, with all the dramatic apparatus—daggers, gold and silver decorations, glittering clothes, thunder, rain and wigs.—The whole of the persons underwent an examination. Those who gave a fair account of themselves were discharged, but the others were sent off to the Brixton Tread Mill.

A tradesman residing in Crown-street, Westminster, was brought up, at the instance of his wife, for *'salting* her. The complainant stated, that she had been married to the defendant only ten months.—On the 23d September she had taken a warrant against him for kicking her shins; but, thinking he would alter his conduct, and *be sociable*, she did not cause it to be executed, but having again *'salted* her, she had him apprehended. The magistrate asked her to state on what day she had been 'salted, or rather assaulted?—She blushed, and hesitatingly said, she only wanted her husband to *be sociable!* The defendant said his wife was a most capricious woman, and he was at a loss to know for what he had been brought up. She had every thing she wished for; they certainly had had a few words on account of her whims. She would, whilst he was at work, *blow out the candles;* and, while in the dark, take the opportunity of *blowing him up*; at other times she would drag the chair from under him, and, in fact, *he had no peace!*

The complainant replied, "Why don't you be *sociable* then, and act like a husband? that's all I want."

The Magistrate discharged the warrant, and advised the husband to take her home, and be *sociable.* They then left the office.

ERUPTION OF MOUNT VESUVIUS.

On the night of the 23d of October, the mountain offered one of the most splendid sights in nature. The wind having died away, the smoke, which had before been carried off in separate masses, now collected, and formed an immense column of more than a mile in height, resting on the summit of the mountain. This column, penetrated by the rays of the sun, which were differently refracted by its masses of unequal density, presented a most splendid spectacle. By degrees the cloud of volcanic matter obscured both the sun and Vesuvius itself. Night came on, and the beauty of the phenomenon exceeded all anticipation. Torrents of fire issued from the crater, descended through the column of dark clouds, swelled gradually in their progress, and exhibited the sublime view of a mountain of fire beneath a heaven of smoke.—The concussions of the mountain followed in quick succession. A sound of low thunder continued without cessation. The shocks were felt even in the capital. Frequent gleams of electricity broke at intervals the double darkness of the night and the volcanic vapour, and gave the finishing to one of the most magnificent scenes ever witnessed by man.

Unitarianism is making rapid progress in the world. In England there are said to be at present not less than four hundred regular congregations. In Transylvania, there are at present 40,000 Unitarians, constituting 120 churches. Unitarianism is one of the four modes of religion which enjoy equal freedom and protection in that country, the other three being the Roman Catholic, the Calvanistic, and the Lutheran.

Greece and Turkey.—A letter from Cyprus dated the 15th of August, written by the English Consul, states, that the Turks have destroyed 62 towns and villages in that Island. The male inhabitants were murdered, and those of the women and children who were not burnt in their houses, were reserved to be sold as slaves.—He concludes by saying that the christians were every where hunted like wild beasts. The Turks entered the convent of Pentlecmon, and having saddled and bridled the monks, like beasts of burden, they mounted their backs and rode about the country. They set fire to the environs of the monastery of Kicon. The conflagration continued 23 days. Forests of fruit trees, vineyards, &c. fell a prey to the flames, and a tract of country, thirty five leagues in extent, remarkable for high cultivation, is now a heap of ruins. But there has been no insurrection in Cyprus!

Rice Glue.—An elegant cement may be made from rice flour, which is at present used for that purpose in China and Japan. It is only necessary to mix the rice flour intimately with cold water, and gently simmer it over the fire, when it readily forms a delicate and durable cement.

DOMESTIC.

The expenses of the legislature of Pennsylvania are about 600 dollars a day.

Some of the prisoners confined in the Ohio Penitentiary, Columbus, made an attempt to destroy that building on the 9th ult. They placed a slow match in the garret, which communicated fire to the roof earlier than was intended.

The New-York Canal Loan of 300,000 dollars, has been taken by the State and Mechanics' and Farmers' Banks of Albany, at a discount of one per cent on a five per cent stock, or 99 dollars in money for every 100 dollars in stock.

The Editor of the Newport Republican affirms, that every circumstance alledged in that paper respecting a late extraordinary attempt of a cat to suck the breath of an infant, is true; and can, if necessary, be proved by affidavit.

The commissioners of the district of Spring Garden, on Monday evening last, re-elected Joseph B. Norbury, Frederick Hass, William Warner, George Esher, Martin Ludie, and Jacob Frick, directors of the public schools in the said district, for the ensuing year.

A large grey Eagle was shot a few days since, in Bethany, (Penn.) while perched on the top of a tall hemlock tree, on the East bank of Delaware river, which measured 8 feet 1¾ inches between the points of it wings; and attached to one foot was a Fox Trap, which had been missing from its place for five days or more.

Jacob Elliott, the Negro who stabbed John Kean, in September last, in Wilmington, Del. was executed near New Castle, on the 31st ult.

On St. John's day last, the 27th of December, the right worshipful grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, re-appointed the Rev. George C. Potts, and appointed the Rev. Mr. Bedell, grand chaplains for the present year.

The Messrs. Pratts, of Madison, New-York, are said to have raised 502¾ bushels of shelled corn, on three acres of ground, making on an average 167½ bushels an acre!

The Baptist Meeting House in Russel, Massachusetts, was destroyed by fire on the 27th Dec. It is supposed that the flames were intentionally kindled.

It is said that Mr. M'Duffie, is so rapidly recovering from the effects of the wound received in the duel with Col. Cumming, that he may be expected to take his seat in Congress, the last of this month.

Mr. Sylvanus Marth, of Litchfield, Herkimer county, (N. Y.) while returning from a shooting match, late on Christmas night, in company with a young man, and within a short distance of his residence, at Remington's Forge, observed to his comrade, that he would give them a gun. He accordingly loaded his rifle with a handful of powder. His companion advised him not to fire it; but he said he would risk it, and pulled the fatal trigger, which burst the rifle in three pieces; one of which entered his mouth, and passed through one of the jaws, down into the breast, and came out back of the shoulder blade. He instantly expired, aged 27.

Purcell, the free man of colour, who gave information of the intended insurrection in South Carolina, has been rewarded by the Legislature of that State, with a pension of one hundred dollars a year for life, and exemption from taxation.

Last week as a young woman, named Ann Robbins, about 23 years of age, was amusing herself with others, sliding on the river at Middletown, (Conn.) the ice broke, when she and a young man fell into the water. After striving for some time to extricate themselves, the young woman told her companion to save himself and leave her to her fate, and immediately sunk.

Ship Building.—Since April, 1821, there has been launched at the port of New York, 36 ships, amounting to 14,500 tons, and averaging about 402 tons each; besides numerous brigs, schooners, sloops, steam vessels, &c. Two other ships are in a state of forwardness for launching.

Turkeys.—Mr. William Hyatt, of Galen, Seneca county, N. Y. has raised the past year, from 12 old ones, four hundred and forty Turkeys.

The Hon. GIDEON GRANGER, late Postmaster General of the United States, died at his seat in Canandaigua, N. Y. on the 31st of December.

Suicide.—A young man named Elisha Holmes, in East Hartford, Conn. put a period to his existence on Saturday morning last, by cutting his throat with a razor.

William Longly, has been convicted before the Supreme Court, at St. Albans, Vt. of passing counterfeit bank bills, and sentenced to ten years confinement in the state prison.

On Thursday week, two men were arrested at New York for passing counterfeit notes. The bills are said to be of a new emission.

Agriculture.—The Legislature of North Carolina have almost unanimously passed an act, which appropriates 5,000 dollars annually, for two years, to the encouragement of this "mother of the arts."

Accounts from Louisville, Ky. to the 7th ultimo, state that the river continued to rise and was then higher than it had been since the spring of 1815. The small portion of the town which lies in the river bottom, and the town of Shippingport were immersed in water. The citizens residing in the lower part of the town were confined to the upper stories of their houses.—Considerable losses had been sustained.—The steam boats United States, Vulcan, and Robert Jackson, were *in town.*

Newspapers.—In the state of New-York, there are at present 90 weekly newspapers, one published thrice a week, and 9 daily ones—in all 110. It is estimated 164,000 papers are circulated weekly, and eight millions and a half a year—in value about 270,000 dollars.

Three ladies, belonging to the religious order of Ursulines at Quebec, who lately left New-York for New Orleans, on board of an American vessel, were captured by pirates; but, fortunately, on the following day they were released by a British ship of war. It is not said how the Buccaneers treated these members of the sisterhood.

The body of a man, named Elias Taylor, was lately found in a hollow tree, in the town of Batavia, (N. Y.) He was subject to fits of insanity: in one of which, he left his family in August last, and although diligently searched for, was not heard of until his skeleton was found.

Affray.—The workmen employed on the Canal at Lockport, N. Y. were extremely riotous on Christmas eve, and dangerously wounded several of the villagers.—Twelve of the men were secured after a severe conflict, and thirteen of the principal rioters escaped into Canada.

The New York American Bible Society have erected a house in that city, 50 feet front and 100 feet deep. It cost $30,000. It contains accommodations for the keeper and his family, a printing office with 12 presses, a bindery, and place of deposit which will hold 60,000 Bibles and Testaments.

Most Horrid and Unnatural Murder.—A most diabolical and inhuman act was recently committed in the village of Ogdensburgh, N. Y. by a foreigner, named William Kirby, who has been for several years in the United States. About four wife weeks since, his arrived in this country, and joined him with her three children, two of which were the children of a former husband. On the fatal morning, about 10 o'clock, Kirby led two of the children to the bridge which crosses the Oswegatchie at Ogdensburg and deliberately threw them from the bridge into the water, where the little victims to his inhumanity were soon at rest, being seen to struggle for an instant, and then to disappear. The shocking scene was witnessed by two or three persons in the village. One of the children, a little girl of two years and six months, was his own child—the other, a boy, about four years and six months old, was his wife's child.

A few weeks since, a boy who lives with a farmer in the neighborhood of Harrisburg, was searching under a barn for some young pigs which had escaped from the stye and taken refuge there, among some old straw. The boy discovered some small pieces of paper as he was turning over the straw and dirt, and brought them to his master; the papers were found to be bank notes, and were suspected to be counterfeits, but on examination they proved to be genuine. The boy was again sent under the barn, and searching, he found good bank notes to the amount of $1000, and several notes which were torn to pieces by the rooting of the pigs. The money is chiefly in Post Notes, and has been deposited in the Harrisburg Bank. There is something mysterious in this affair, and this publication may lead to a developement of the circumstances attending so strange a concealment of property.

A most serious occurrence lately took place in Richmond, Madison county, Kentucky. In consequence of some controversy, Edmund Irvine, Esq a young gentleman of that place, made an attack upon Mr. Lewis T. Mattingly, editor of the Richmond Republican, who, being armed with a pistol, shot his assailant through the heart, so that he instantly expired. Mr. Irvine had been but a few weeks married to a daughter of Green Clay, Esq. of Madison county.

Tickets No. 2960, which drew the fortunate prize of 100,000 dollars, in the Grand National Lottery, turns out to be the property of Mr. Chastine Clark, of the firm of C. & G. Clark, auctioneers, of Richmond. It is said he owes the good luck to a dream: he having on a certain night dreamed that he had seen it announced on a board in large letters, that particular number had drawn the highest prize. The next day he called at the different lottery offices in Richmond, and not finding the ticket, prevailed on a broker to send for it to Washington. It was thus procured for him, and so confident was he from his dream, that it would draw the $100,000, that he manifested no agitation on the fact being announced to him!

The office of the Hornet newspaper, printed at Richmond, Va. was completely demolished by a mob on the night of the 27th ult.

An old inhabitant of the State Prison, named Jeremy Scanlin, who was lately pardoned and set at liberty, was detected on Tuesday last in stealing plates from the pantry of the New-York Coffee House, and sent back to his old quarters.

A detachment of naval officers, marines and sailors, left Alexandria on Thursday, in the steam boat Potomac, to join the expedition, fitting out at Norfolk, against the pirates. Another vessel sailed on Monday of last week, with sailors for the same place.

MORE CHALLENGES.—Mr. Harrison, of Virginia, who so pompously challenged Eclipse to run against Sir Charles, last autumn, has now challenged Mr. Van Ranst to run his filley, three years old, against another, of the same age, to be produced by him in the Spring, for a purse of $5000, two mile heats. Mr. Van Ranst very properly declines, as his filley has never been tried, and he thinks it looks too much like gambling, to bet large sums upon untried horses.

The New-York Society for the promotion of the breed of Horses, have presented Mr. Purdy, who rode Eclipse, in the match race with Sir Charles, at Washington last fall, with a pair of beautiful silver pitchers.

Suicide.—Joshua Hoss, a young man from Lancaster County, Penn. a house carpenter by trade, who has resided in Wilmington, Del. upwards of a year, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, on Friday morning last.

The number of patients last year under care of the New-York Dispensary, was 6597. The expenses of the institution, were $2565,98: the receipts $2403,50.

Earthquake.—A most violent shock of an earthquake was felt on the 21st Dec. at *Isle au Noix*, commonly called Illinois, near St. John's, Lower Canada. It lasted a few minutes, and shook the houses in the neighbourhood severely.

To make Boys Smart.—A school master who was charged with using the birch rather too violently, declared that it was the only way to make a dull boy *smart*.

Salvage to the amount of $12,000 has been awarded, at Savannah, by Judge Cuyler, to captain Hooper, of the Colombian armed brig La Centella, and his crew, who brought the brig Waterloo and her cargo into port, after she had been ashore on the dry shoals of Tortugas.

GALE.—Another east gale was experienced at Charleston on the 30th ult. which occasioned some trifling damage among the shipping, and delayed the arrival of the mails.

Stupendous Fraud.—A nest of villainy has been discovered at Charleston, S. C. in which one of the city guard, named Fraser, was a principal agent. Four chests and one trunk, secreted in a house in Pinkney street, contained the spoil which he and his associates had collected, consisting of a whole world of rags and riches. These unfortunate articles knew not how they came together, and were happy at a general gaol delivery. At the voice of liberty, there sprang forth gold and siver watches, new and dirty stockings, tattered and elegant linen cambric handkerchiefs, pearl, gold and stone ornaments, earrings, old coats, breast pins and boots, silver spoons and suspenders, buttons, knives, sheets, cotton balls, and silver ladles; silk handkerchiefs, and cups and saucers, ribbands, gloves, rings and cravats, breeches, pantaloons, and packages of new goods. In short, a stream of plunder had been for years silently accumulating in this honest guardman's chest, as into a reservoir; and it is believed the discovery would never have been made, but for the quantity becoming so great as to burst the banks.—Fraser is in prison.

Shipwrecks.—The sloop Eliza, Nicholls, of New-Bedford, bound for New-York, was wrecked on Saturday evening last, as she was attempting to make Black Rock harbour in the snow-storm. She struck on the reef, and filled about three hours after. The passengers and crew, except the captain and mate, were drowned. They were so exhausted and frozen that they were washed overboard, one after another, during the night.

The schr. Cecelia, Hampton, of Philadelphia, sailed from Curracoa on the 4th ult. with a valuable cargo of dry goods, cocoa, indigo, &c. bound to Gibraltar. The same day, when six hours out, sunk on the west side of the Island, and the captain and crew were unable to save any thing but what they had on. One of the crew has arrived at New-York.

THE PIRATES.—On the 14th ult. the brig Sarah, captain Stinchcomb, arrived at New-York, from Jamaica, was plundered off Cape Antonio, by a piratical schooner, and robbed of every thing valuable on board. Captain S. was ordered on board the pirate, where he was thrown down into the hold. The pirates who boarded the Sarah, ordered the mate to inform them where the money was concealed, or they would stand in for Cape Antonio, and burn the vessel and crew.—Being told there was no money on board, they broke a sword over his head—hung him up by the neck, and then threw him into the cabin. They then endeavoured to extort information of money on board from the crew, all of whom were severely beaten and bruised, and one of them remains ill of his wounds. Captain S after remaining some time in the hold of the pirate, was called on deck, and after assuring them there was no money on board, was hung up by the neck until they supposed him dead, and his severe cuts in his right hand and other places. One of the men had three cutlasses broken over his back, and was also hung up. Captain S. has on board the blood-stained clothes which he wore at the time he was cut and mangled. On parting with the pirates, they told him they should keep a good look out for the schr. Macdonough, Ryan, of and for New-York, which was to sail from Maracaibo Bay, ten days after the Sarah. Dec. 19th, lat. 23. 44 long. 83, Sarah spoke the British frigate Nieman, from Jamaica, bound to Halifax, having under convoy several vessels.

A piratical hermaphrodite brig, with 27 of her crew, prize to the British brig of war Scout, arrived at Havana, on the 17th ult.

Accounts from Laguyra of the 4th November, mention the sailing of the Corvette Bolivar, (alias Hercules,) and a brigantine for the coasts occupied by the enemy, and other vessels are named as destined for the same service, and to convey troops for Gen. Montillo. A corvette mounting 28 guns and having $130,000 on board had arrived from England, and a brig of 20 guns was hourly expected. With these vessels it was expected "that the Republic will speedily obtain the last triumph necessary, by the reduction of the fortress of Puerto Cabello, which could not be effected sooner for the want of a sufficient naval force, to establish the blockade requisite to operate with success against its almost impregnable castle."

HAVANA.—It is stated in a letter to the Editor of the Charleston City Gazette, dated the 18th ult. that the late insurrectionary movements at Havana, originated in a dislike of the lower classes of the natives to the European soldiers, half a dozen of whom they had assassinated within a few days. The writer speaks of the internal peace and tranquility as very precarious; expresses a hope that the present constitution may experience no reverses in Spain, as it was looked to as their "best bower anchor in a violent storm;" and concludes with expressing a hope that the system of piracy, which the government of Cuba could not control, would be effectually suppressed by the United States. "The American citizens (he remarks) residing here feel greatly the want of an accredited agent. Why is your government so negligent in this point?"

Extract of a letter from Malaga, dated Nov. 15.

"Affairs in Catalonia have taken a favorable turn, and the factious will no doubt be soon put down. To morrow we shall have the pleasure of seeing half a dozen pirates hung up, in gibbets, on the coast, for having murdered the crew of a market vessel, about two year's ago. The schr. Mentor, Captain Deane, at Alicant, may touch here, and take a cargo for Boston."

Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, January 11, 1823.

Appointments by the Governor.

JOHN GOODMAN, Esq. of the Northern Liberties, Prothonotary of the District Court for the city and county of Philadelphia.

WILLIAM MILLTON to be an alderman for the city of Philadelphia.

FROM HARRISBURG.

An extract of a letter to the Editor of the Philadelphia Gazette, dated January 8th, gives the following information:—"There is very little doing yet, in either branch of the Legislature. Much time is wasted, in discussing the claims of Old Soldiers—nay even *old waggoners*—to be placed on the pension list. A communication was lately received from the Governor, covering a letter from the Governor of New-Jersey, accompanied by a preamble and resolutions of the Legislature of that State, and a memorial to the latter from the Managers of what has been called the *Windmill Island Bridge Company*, recommending that subject to the Legislature. The memorial is very artfully drawn, and among other matters, represents the opposition to the measure in the city of Philadelphia, as originating entirely in the selfishness of a few individuals—and amongst them the ferrymen.—The whole, in my opinion is a most impudent proceeding; and is, no doubt, the work of a certain spirit, who is now very busy in Harrisburg. I wish you would call the attention of our citizens to this subject. I am not one of those, who apprehend any great danger to the western channel of the Delaware, from the erection of such a bridge as is contemplated; but while any doubt remains on the subject, such a project ought to be resisted; and it ought to be resisted also on the ground of the unhandsome means which have been resorted to, to force upon the people of Philadelphia, a measure in which they are principally interested, against their strong and repeated remonstrances."

Another letter dated the 6th inst. mentions that the Committee appointed by the Senate on the memorial praying for alterations in the charter of St. Mary's Church, met in the afternoon of that day, in one of the large Committee rooms. Messrs. *Fagan* and *Sullivan* appeared before the committee on the part of the petitioners; and the Rev. Mr. *Harold* and Mr. *Maitland* on the part of those remonstrating against an alteration. The spectators were numerous. Mr. Fagan addressed the committee on behalf of the petitioners, and was replied to by Mr. Harold. Mr. Sullivan also addressed the committee, but an adjournment took place before he concluded his remarks.

Since the above was in type, we have learnt that the committee met again on the afternoon of the 8th inst. and that the result of their deliberations was likely to terminate in favour of the petitioners.

A motion was made by Gen. Wise, on the 8th Jan. in the house of representatives, to illuminate the house, in commemmoration of the battle of New-Orleans and negatived—only 23 voting in its favour. Had this motion succeeded, it would have been published from one end of the continent to the other, as an expression of the sentiments of Pennsylvania in favour of Gen. Jackson as the next president.

CONGRESS.—On Wednesday, the senate rejected the bill allowing a draw back on the exportation of cordage manufactured from foreign hemp. The house of representatives rejected the bill to incorporate the Naval Fraternal Association, and passed the bill appointing an additional judge for the territory of Michigan.

The Senate of the United States, by a unanimous vote, have advised and consented to the ratification of the Convention concluded during the last year, between the United States and Great Britain, under the mediation of the Emperor of Russia, to prescribe the mode by which the first article of the Treaty of Ghent shall be carried into effect, in conformity with the decision of his Imperial Majesty.

FROM SPAIN.—By the barque Aurelia, from Malaga, arrived at Boston, Madrid papers to the 12th of November have been received. The affairs of Spain continue in an unsettled state. The Cortes have agreed to raise a foreign legion, to be composed of Refugees from other countries who have or may enter Spain. Bertrand de Lis moved that a formal demand should be made on France not to afford an asylum to Spaniards who conspired against Spain—and whether France was to be considered as a friend or foe? The motion was lost by a majority of 6 or 8. The civil war continued to rage in Catalonia.

THE GREEKS.

Accounts received at Boston state, that in consequence of the defection of the Greek General Odisseo, who turned traitor, and sold his army of 15,000 men for a bribe, given by the officers of a neighbouring nation sent for that purpose, a court martial has been instituted in the Morea, for the trial of all delinquents, who are executed immediately after they are found guilty. The Greeks are in want of munitions of war, and one or two good general officers, to conduct their armies.—A Greek fleet of sixty-two sail was cruising in the Archipelago. The large Turkish fleet, composed of eight line of battle ships, ten frigates, and a number of smaller vessels, in all eighty-four, were at Patras, committing excesses upon the inhabitants and their property.

Local Affairs.

At a meeting of the Law Academy of Philadelphia, held on the 2d inst. Thomas Sergeant, Esq. was unanimously elected Vice Provost of that institution,

The amount received at the office of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, during the month of December, from 133 depositors, was 10,429 dollars and 14 cents.

The body of a new born infant was found in the cellar of a house in Walnut street, on Wednesday morning.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bank of the U. States, on Tuesday evening, NICHOLAS BIDDLE, Esq. was *unanimously* elected President, in the place of Langdon Cheves, Esq. resigned.

A woman, who had occasion, last week, to enter the cellar of a house in this city, not knowing the situation of a sink made to drain off the water, unfortunately trod upon the covering of its mouth, when the boards being decayed, gave way and she was precipitated to the bottom, a distance of twenty feet. After displaying the greatest composure in this dangerous situation, she was drawn up by means of a rope which she herself adjusted, so as admit one of her feet in a noose at the end of it, without having sustained much injury by the fall.

The Marriages during the year 1822, in this city, amounted to 1296—Baptisms to 1670, and Burials to 2947.

A white man, who lodged at a boarding-house No. 29 south Water street, died suddenly on the 30th ult. The persons about the house had no other knowledge of him than that he came from New-York, and stated that he left there during the fever.

William Gross, now under sentence of death in this city, has confessed that some time since, while in the employment as porter of the Bank of North America, he robbed that establishment of somewhere about $4,000.

Robbery.—On Thursday night about 9 o'clock, a genteel well dressed woman at the corner of South and Second streets was seized by the arm, by a white man, who instantly stripped the shawl off her shoulders and snatched the reticule, containing about twenty dollars, out of her hand.

We are pleased to hear that Langdon Cheves, Esq. late president of the United States Bank, intends to remain in this city, and employ his talents in the practice of the law.

The Rev. Mr. Frey, the converted Jew, while in Philadelphia, preached in *twenty* churches, for the purpose of raising funds to assist in converting the people of his nation in this country from Judaism to Christianity, and collected only $391 60 cents.

DRAMATIC.

At the New-York Theatre, on Thursday night, Mr Wallack personated Don Felix, in the comedy of the Wonder, *or a Woman keeps a Secret*. Donna Violante had an able representative in the person of Mrs. Gilfert. The engagement of these two favourites of the Drama, is nearly closed, and we may reasonably expect, that the managers of the Chesnut street theatre, have made such arrangements as will afford Mr. Wallack an early opportunity of appearing on our boards. Popular feeling is ready to greet him—and he may be assured that his reception will be every way agreeable to the actor and the man of liberal sentiments.

Mr. Mathews, at Boston, appears to excite as much curiosity as did Mr. Kean, when he appeared for the first time before the citizens of the *Literary Emporium of the New World*. The press for seats has been so great, that the managers put up the right of choice for boxes at sale, by auction. The sum produced by the sale was 236 dollars and a half. From seven to ten dollars was bid, for the right of preference on each of the boxes of the lower row, and about four dollars for those of the upper row. The Philadelphians may expect shortly to have a visit from this singular genius.

Mr. Philipps has been engaged at the new Theatre in Baltimore for a few nights. He made his first appearance in the character of Count Belino, in the musical drama of the Devil's Bridge, on Wednesday evening last, in which he introduced several of his favourite airs, with great effect. The afterpiece was the farce of Three and the Deuce—the three Singles by Mr. Duff.

The performances at the Baltimore Circus, for the three first nights of the present week, was the pantomime of La Perouse, or the Desolate Island, including Horsemanship by the company, and Wire dancing by Mrs. Carnes. On Thursday evening, the grand spectacle of the Secret Mine was represented for the first time during the season.

POSTSCRIPT.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 10.

From New-Orleans.—We have received by the Elien, New-Orleans papers to the 18th ult. inclusive. The Mississippi had risen nearly as high as in the spring, a very unusual circumstance at this season, and a great number of boats had arrived with produce from the interior.

There were yet some deaths by yellow fever. The interments from December 1 to 9th, were 31 of which 6 died of yellow fever—from the 10th to 16th, the deaths were 28, six of which by yellow fever.

A number of vessels had been 17 days in the river, without being able to get up to town.

The French ship Alexander, from Vera Cruz, which had arrived in the river, is said to have been robbed by the pirates of specie and cochineal, to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars.

The Hamlet from this port, reported that she spoke November 28, off the Hole in the Wall, the British sloop of war Clyde, bound to Jamaica, having in company three piratical schooners, with their crews, amounting to 200 men, which she had captured on the 16th.

Latest from England.—The brig Hyperion, capt. Gardner, has arrived at Baltimore from Liverpool, bringing dates to the 20th November, ten days later than before received; but they contain no intelligence of importance.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Our correspondent W. P. S. will find that we have corrected the omission which unintentionally occurred in an article he handed us a week or two back. The fault, if any, belongs to the compositor, who neglected to compare his work with the copy.

MARO's last favour bears the evidence of true poetical feeling, and would readily have shared a place in our columns, had not its great length compelled us to lay it aside for the present.

Deaths during the past week.

	ADULTS.	CHILD.	TOTAL.
In Philadelphia,	38	29	67
In New-York,	33	20	53
In Baltimore,	13	8	21

MARRIED.

On Saturday, the 4th inst by the Right Rev. Bishop White, DANIEL C. CROXALL, Esq. of Belvidere, N. J. to MARY CAROLINE, eldest daughter of Dr. Gillaspy, of this city.

In August last, by the Rev. Mr. Potts, Mr. WILLIAM GREATBATCH, of Stratfordshire, Eng. to Miss SUSAN REBECCA PARK, of this city.

On the 2d inst by the Rev. John P. Peckworth, Mr. SAMUEL SIMPSON, to Miss ANN LOVE, both of this city.

On Tuesday evening, by the Rev. Dr. Wilson, Mr. S. B. KINGSTON, of the U. S. Navy, to Miss SUSAN R. TAGGART, daughter of the late Capt. Thomas Taggart, all of this city.

On the 2d inst. by the Rev. John P. Peckworth, Mr. JAMES MILLER, jun. to Mrs. MARGARET TOMES, both of this city.

On Tuesday the 7th inst. by the Rev. Nathaniel Todd, Mr. BENJAMIN F. WARNER of Philadelphia, to Miss RACHEL BOAK of Harrisburg

At St. Michaels, on the 13th Nov. last, Mr. HUGH CHAMBERS, of Philadelphia, to AMELIA, daughter of Thomas Hickling, Esq. Consul for the United States at that island.

Lately, at Missouri, the Rev. *Thomas Campbell* to Mrs *Pembroke Paul*. He attended the delivery of a funeral sermon on the death of his first wife in the morning, and was married to his second wife in the evening of the same day.

DIED.

On Saturday morning JEREMIAH TRACEY, a native of Limerick, Ireland, aged 30.

On Wednesday afternoon, Mr. JOHN BULKELEY ELLIOTT, son of the late Captain John Elliott, aged 19

On Tuesday evening last, after a short illness, Mr. WILLIAM DAVIDSON, aged 26.

On Tuesday evening, JOHN J. WILSON, eldest son of the late Matheral Wilson.

On Monday evening, after a short illness, Mr. WILLIAM L. IRWIN, aged 22.

On the 4th inst. suddenly, Mr. EDWARD WHITELEY, Printer, aged 39.

On Thursday last, MARTHA ALLEN, widow of the late Robert Allen, aged 59.

On Wednesday evening, after a long illness, Mrs. ANN BYSFIELD, aged 63.

PRICE CURRENT.

WHEAT FLOUR,	$7,25
RYE DO.	4,31
CORN MEAL,	3,3¼
WHEAT IN GRAIN,	1,30
RYE DO.	85
CORN DO.	New 62—Old 61
OATS,	35
SHORTS,	27
BARLEY,	70
FLAXSEED,	1,00

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs.

No. 73 MARKET STREET.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a credit of 60 days, for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable Dry Goods, in lots.

Also, an extensive variety of Domestic Goods.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning next, at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a credit,

An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the season.

NEW-THEATRE.

This Evening, January 11,

Will be presented, (not acted these nine years,) a new Tragedy, in five acts, called

REMORSE.

Don Alvar, (the eldest son,)	Mr. H. Wallack
Don Alvar, (the youngest son,)	Mr. Cooper.
Isidore, (a Moresco chieftain,)	Mr. Wilson.
Donna Teresa, (niece to Valdez)	Mrs. Anderson.
Alhadra, (wife to Isidore.)	Mrs. Wood.

To which will be added, a comedy, called

THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE;

Or, What we must all come to.

Sir Charles Racket,	Mr. Wemyss.
Druggel,	Mr. Jefferson.
Lady Racket,	Mrs. Entwisle.

On Monday, Bertram—Bertram, by Mr. Cooper. On Wednesday, Mr. Cooper will appear as Zanga in the tragedy of the Revenge.

CITY THEATRE,—Prune St.

The entertainments to be presented this evening are, ABÆLLINO, THE GREAT BANDIT: and SYLVESTER DAGGERWOOD. ☞ There has lately been a number of new performers introduced on this Stage. jan. 11—1t

Market Street Theatre.

MR MESTAYER respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he has taken the *large room* in Market Street, 3 doors west of Fourth, which he has fitted up as a Theatre, and intends giving a performance every evening (*Sundays excepted,*) and hopes by the neatness and variety of which to merit the encouragement of an enlightened public.

On Monday Evening next, the 13th inst. will be presented, the much admired piece, in 2 acts, entitled MODERN HONOUR, or HOW TO SHUN A BULLET Peter Prattle, Mr. Meer—Sambo, Mr. Mestayer—Hon. Colonel Bombastes Puffy, Mrs Mestayer—Mrs. Prattle, Mrs. Meer

With other entertainments, as will be expressed in the bills of the day.

Admittance, 25 cents—Children, half price. jan 11—1t

CITY GUARDS.

GENTLEMEN disposed to become Members of the above Corps, are desired to apply to either of the undersigned, who compose the Electing Committee:—

John S. Gibbons, No. 239 Spruce street.
Samuel D. Sager, No. 120 North Ninth street.
William P. Smith, 156 south Tenth street.
P. M'Gee, No. 1 South Fourth street.
M. Bomiesler, No. 125 Market street.
Charles H. Smith, No. 96 South Fourth street.
John C. Hodges, No. 123 Locust street.
E. Bartholomew, corner of Minor and Fifth streets.
Charles K. Servoss, No. 3½ North Third street, secretary to the Corps. jan 11—1t

Gloucester Point House.

TO BE LET, the well known public house, occupied for many years by the late Elizabeth Marshall, and now by John Douglass, jr. situate at Gloucester or Greenwich Point, together with near 24 acres of Meadow Ground, in excellent order.

This is one of the best stands for a house of entertainment in the neighbourhood of Philadelphia, and is the resort of much company in the summer season. There is a team boat which passes between the Point and Gloucester, and many advantages are thus secured to the property.

To a good tenant, a lease for three years will be given. Application to be made to the subscriber, or at the office of RICHARD PETERS, jun. Esq. North-West corner of George and Sixth street, Philadelphia.

jan 11—6t BETSEY KEZIA SPROGEL.

ADVANCE OF TICKETS.

JOHN GIBBS, Lottery Broker, No. 44, South Third Street, announces to his friends and the public, that tickets in the 4th class, new series Union Canal Lottery, will advance to $8 on Monday next—in the mean time they may be had for $7, whole or in Shares.

1	prize of	$5000 is	$5000
1	do.	2080 is	2,80
1	do.	1500 is	1500
3	do.	500 is	1500
4	do.	400 is	1600
28	do.	50 is	1400
56	do.	25 is	1400
196	do.	16 is	3136
1890	do.	8 is	15120
2190	Prizes.		$32,736
3276	Blanks.		
5456	Tickets, at $7, each		

Will draw on the 5th of February. Apply at

GIBBS'S

LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 44 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Who still continues to sell and pay the prizes at sight for the immediate accommodation of all concerned. jan. 11—1t

CHEAP CARPETING.

THE Subscriber has opened several bales of different kinds of Kidderminster, Venetian, Scotch, and Domestic Carpeting, from $1 50 per yard, to 45 cents, with a variety of Stair and Entry Carpets. He has also opened, several bales of Hearth Rugs of different kinds.—Apply at No. 48 Market street, to

jan. 11—tf JESSE SHARPLESS.

Expedition to the Rocky Mountains.

THIS day is published by H. C. CAREY & LEA, an account of an expedition from Pittsburgh to the Rocky mountains, performed in the years 1819-20, by order of the Hon. J. C. Calhoun, Secretary of War, under the command of Major S. H. Long, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers. Compiled from the Notes of Major Long, Mr. T. Say, and other gentlemen of the party, by Edwin James, Botanist and Geologist to the expedition. In two vols. octavo, with a quarto volume containing the following Maps and Plates:—

I. Map of the country drained by the Mississippi—Eastern section.
II. Map of the country drained by the Mississippi—Western section.
III. Oto Council. IV. War Dance, in the interior of a Konza Lodge.
V. View of the Rocky Mountains, fifty miles from their base.
VI. View of the Table Lands and the Exploring Party.
VII. View of the Castle Rock, an extraordinary natural curiosity.
VIII. Moveable Lodges of the Kaskaias.
IX. Oto Encampment of Skin Lodges.
X. Geological Sections.

The design of this work is, to give a compendious view of the history of the expedition, and of such discoveries of the party as appeared in some degree fit to gratify public curiosity. The residence of several of the party during the winter of 1819, at Engineers Cantonment, about 700 miles from the mouth of the Missouri, and in the heart of an Indian country, afforded the opportunity of collecting much new and important information concerning the Aborigines. The details of this occupy a large part of the first volume. After leaving the Missouri early in the summer of 1820, the party traversed a great extent of unexplored country, crossed the wide, sandy and grassy deserts of the Platte, and arrived in July, at the Rocky Mountains, in longitude about 106 degrees W. from Greenwich. Near the Rocky Mountains they met several bands of Kaskaias, Arrapahoes, Kiowas, and other erratic tribes, who frequent the country at the sources of the Platte, the Arkansa, the Rio del Norte, and the Red River of Natchitoches. In their progress towards the south, they passed within 50 miles of Santa Fee in New-Mexico, and falling upon a branch of the Rio Moro of Humboldt, which they found to be the Canadian fork of the Arkansa, they returned to the east along its banks, and arrived at the Mississippi in October. In preparing the work the compiler has had free access to the numerous journals and documents of the party, and has received important assistance from Major Long and Mr. Say. jan 11—6t

COLLECTING, &c.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he still continues the Posting and Balancing of Books and Collecting Debts. All orders will be gratefully received and executed with dispatch. JAMES STEER,

Accountant and Collector, 26 Washington street, four doors above Locust.

N.B. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Insolvents' Petitions, and all other Writings, drawn at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. jan 1—6m*

Oldridge's Balm of Columbia.

J. OLDRIDGE begs leave to inform the inhabitants of the United States and elsewhere, that he has discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing the hair from falling off, in the short space of FORTY EIGHT HOURS after the first application.

This *Balm* will also restore hair on bald places, and speedily cure the dandruff. He now considers it altogether useless to continue to give signatures, its utility being universally known in Philadelphia and hundreds are at this time receiving their hair again. J. O. begs leave to return thanks to the generous Americans, for the liberal encouragement bestowed upon his capillary restorative since its first discovery, and hopes to merit a continuation of their favours. Prepared and sold at one dollar per bottle, and half bottle 50 cents, at No. 53½ South Front street, and at No. 11 North Fourth street, Philadelphia, by

july 6—tf JOHN OLDRIDGE.

JEHU BURTON, Printer,

BACK of 11 Chesnut street—Book Printing, Cards, Blanks, Circulars, Hand-bills &c executed with neatness and despatch on the most liberal terms. nov. 30—tf

To Fullers and Manufacturers.

FULLERS BOARDS of a superior quality, for sale by RICHARDS JOHNSON, No 31 Market street. Also, for sale as above a large and general assortment of good Blank Books, Paper, Stationary, &c. which together with a large stock of School and Miscellaneous Books, will be sold at the lowest market prices.

Court and Merchant's Account Books ruled to order and bound to any pattern. ☞ RAGS and QUILLS taken in exchange. july 6—tf

BOOKS.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he gives the utmost value for Libraries and small parcels of Books. Books exchanged on the most liberal terms.

EDWARD M. GREENE,

dec 21—6m No. 29 South Front street.

LEGHORN HATS,

AT MRS. KNEELAND'S Fashionable Leghorn and Split Straw Bonnet store, No. 31 south Second street. Just received by the arrivals,

25 *Cases LEGHORN HATS*, viz.

6	cases for Ladies, Nos	from 28 to 60	
1	do.	do. (gipsey)	32 to 56
5	do.	Misses	13 to 33
1	do.	do.	24 to 46
1	do.	do. (gipsey)	15 to 26
1	do.	for Children	19 to 24
3	do.	for Boys	8 to 13

Together with several cases on hand, for men and boys, all of which will be sold by the case or otherwise, at the lowest Market prices.

Also, one case of Silk Straw Hats, in imitation of Leghorn, superior, if possible, for beauty—Nos. 34 to 60. Also, Split Straw Bonnets, by the case or otherwise.

Also, plain and figured black and colored Canton Crapes; Nankin figured do. do. black Sinchaws, 7-4 Crape Shawls, bird-eye Bibbs with a general assortment of Fancy Goods, as usual.

N. B. A full supply of the above goods, are also kept at No. 9, North Second street. oct 12—tf

DANIEL COLLINS,

BRASS & BELL FOUNDER, BELL-HANGER, AND LOCKSMITH, Back of No. 42 South Fifth Street, below Walnut. nov. 30—6m

Twenty Dollars Reward.

LOST, on the 16th of November, a handsome cased Gold extra Jewelled Patent Lever WATCH, Robert Roskell, Liverpool, No. 32,718 and two small Gold Seals and Ring attached by a blue and white striped riband. The above reward will be paid to whosoever returns said Watch to the subscriber and no questions asked.

Watchmakers, Brokers and others are requested to stop said Watch if offered for sale.

LEWIS QUANDALE.

dec 14—2m No. 69 Chesnut street.

Impediments of Speech.

W. CHAPMAN, No. 187, Pine street, Philadelphia, having cured himself and four gentlemen, of whom he can show the most satisfactory certificates and give reference to, is desirous of extending the like benefit to all persons troubled with Stuttering or Stammering.

It is particularly requested that applications will only be made between the hours of 6 and 7 in the morning and the same hours in the evening.

All letters must be post paid. may 11—tf

THE OLIO.

"VARIETY'S THE VERY SPICE OF LIFE,
THAT GIVES IT ALL ITS FLAVOUR."

NEW BOOTS.

These boots were never made for me,
They are too short by half;
I want them long enough d'ye see,
To cover all the calf.
Why, sir, said Last, with stifled laugh,
To alter them I'll try;
But if they *cover all the calf*,
They must be *five feet high*.

Epigram on a Drunkard.

From his revels nocturnal returning one night,
The graceless *Tom Brown*, in bacchanal plight,
Fell foul of a lamp post, clung fast and did bawl,
"I hated *his head—divided I fall!*"

JOE MILLER.—The following is the inscription upon Joe Miller's tombstone now standing in the burying ground, Portugal street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London:

Here lies the remains of
honest Joe Miller,
who was
a tender husband,
a sincere friend,
a facetious companion,
and an excellent comedian.
He departed this life the 15th day of
August, 1738, aged 54 years.

If humour, wit, and honesty could save
The hum'rous, witty, honest, from the grave,
The grave had not so soon this tenant found,
Whom honesty, and wit, and humour crown'd.
Could but esteem and love preserve our breath,
And guard us longer from the stroke of death,
The stroke of death on him had later fell,
Whom all mankind esteem'd and lov'd so well!

S. BUCK.

From respect to social worth, mirthful qualities, and histrionic excellence, commemorated by poetic talent in humble life, the above inscription, which time had nearly obliterated, has been preserved and transferred to this stone, by order of Mr. Jarvis Buck, church warden, A. D. 1816.

THE RUSTIC RHYMIST.

Ben Jonson, while passing one day along Fleet-street near the Devil Tavern, observing the eyes of a bumpkin steadfastly fixed on the window of a grocer, gently tapped him on the shoulder, and inquired what so particularly attracted his attention; "Why, master," replied Ralph, "I be admiring that nice piece of poetry over the shop"—"How can you make that rhyme?" replied Ben—"the words are—*Coffee and tea to be sold.*" "Thus," answered the rustic—

"Coffee and tea
To be s-o-l-d."

The poet was so much pleased with the thought, that he took Ralph immediately into his service, in which he continued until Jonson's death.

The direction of a letter.—"To Geordie Wilson, at the Heuaud Birdies, Berwick upon Tweed an' if he's not there he's awa' south,"—reminds us of a letter which was stuck up at a tavern in Vermont, in the infancy of that state, directed, "To Saml. Williams, gone up the river after logs."

An eminent Grocery Company in Dublin, announce in the newspapers of that city, that they have whiskey on sale *which was drunk by his Majesty while in Ireland.*

A certain fashionable youth, more famed for his red nose than his wit, on approaching a lady in company who was much rouged, said, "Madam, you blush from *modesty*." "Pardon me, Sir," replied the lady, "I blush from *reflection*."

A certain Missionary, once describing the character of God to a collection of American Indians, said to them, God is ever present around, above us, and sees all our conduct. One of the Indians, after listening with great attention, replied, "We do not want a God so sharp-sighted; we choose to live with freedom in our woods, without having one overhead, to watch all our talk and actions." Query—Are there not many in Christian lands, whose wishes resemble those expressed by this heathen?

To Brisbane's description of the English Peasantry.

"They're mighty quiet, proper people, and nate and clane, but no way given to joking or laughing, which myself thinks a mortal crime—but they're not like ourselves in any particular, for when we have any little falling out, we fight it out at once, and get it off our minds, and there's an end of it. Now with them it will stick ever so long, and rot in their stomachs; and no blame to them for that same, when they don't fight it off at once."

To determine the proportion of water in milk—Put a tumbler full in a situation exposed to the atmosphere; as milk and water freeze at different temperatures they will therefore separate in the act of freezing, and the quantity of each can easily be ascertained. This experiment, it is said, was first made by one of the Fellows of Trinity College, Cambridge. He refused to pay a larger proportion of the milkmaid's weekly demand, than the proportion of pure milk amounted to, wisely remarking, if he had wanted the water, he could have added it himself.

ROMAN THEATRE.—The first permanent theatre erected within the city of Rome, was upon a scale of colossal magnificence. It was calculated to contain 40,000 spectators, and others were afterwards raised of still more stupendous dimensions.

Job Printing.

ATKINSON & ALEXANDER, Printers, No. 53 S. Market street, having furnished themselves with an assortment of handsome New Types, are prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favoured, in a neat manner, and at moderate prices.

CARDS, HANDBILLS,

Bank Checks, Law Blanks,
Prices Current, Commercial Blanks,
Catalogues, Policies of Insurance,
Circular Letters, Bills of Lading,
Lottery Tickets, Lottery Bills, &c. &c.

Will be printed at the shortest notice, on application at their office. jan 4

MRS. SHALLUS,

INFORMS her Patrons that she has removed her CIRCULATING LIBRARY to No. 145 south Second street, nearly opposite the Custom House, where she will be happy to serve them with all the newest and most approved works.—Present price of subscriptions $5, per annum—$2 75, half yearly—$1 50, quarterly. July 20—tf

A. ATKINSON'S

Superior Patent Spring Riding Saddles and Patent Laporte Bridles, &c.

HAVING purchased of JOHN J. MORRIS, of the city of New-York, the sole and entire right of making and vending his newly invented SPRING SEAT and SPRING POINTED SADDLES, within the city and county of Philadelphia, offers them for sale,

At his Saddle and Harness Manufactory, No. 5 North Fifth street.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the principle on which they are constructed.—Nearly two years' trial of the above Saddles in New-York, has rendered comments unnecessary—confident of their utility he offers them to the public, that they may decide on their superiority.

The Laporte Bridles are constructed in such a manner as to curb the most vicious Horse without injuring him, and with perfect ease and safety to the rider. They are well adapted for Ladies, and persons not in the practice of riding, as it gives them full power over their Horses in cases of fright.—They can also be applied to Harness of every description. Also, for sale, an assortment of Superior STEEL and PLATED BITTS and STIRRUPS.

N.B. Gentlemen can be accommodated with Spring Saddles for trial, if required. june 15—tf

CABINET WARE-ROOM,

No. 28 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a variety of Fashionable FURNITURE, made of the best materials, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. ☞ All orders promptly executed.

june 8—tf JOHN JAMES, jun.

MR. PERSICO,

HAVING returned to this city, takes this method of expressing his thanks to the public for their past favours, and informing them that he will resume his profession, in taking likenesses in Miniature, at a very moderate price, at No. 36, south Sixth street, the Office lately occupied by Messrs. Swift and Browne, where he solicits a renewal of past favours.

Private Lessons will be given in the art of DRAWING—or, Mr. P. will attend at Boarding Schools. For further information apply at his room. nov 2—tf

AUTHORITIES.

ALL Authorities prove that the teeth can be saved—but never unless mankind are informed. In this city it has been said that public information from the pen of the Dentist is unfashionable—*alas the poor teeth.*

All history proves that man will hesitate, but that woman was never known to refuse her generous aid when the public welfare was in danger. Ye fair be cautious, keep this great truth in view, Public information is a friend to you.

Williams performs every operation which will save the teeth without giving pain, extracting a tooth only excepted.

The teeth are destroyed by pressure—What man can give another cause? England gives none—and it said that our most eminent dentists approve the English writers on the teeth.

The teeth require to be kept clean.

For one dollar Williams performs every operations requisite; and fixes teeth in the mouth on moderate terms. *Office No 161 Fine street, near 5th.*

oct 16—tf B. WILLIAMS, Dentist.

To Builders and Storekeepers.

THE Subscriber having been constantly employed above nine years making circular and straight SASH, he is enabled to make them in the neatest and best manner, at a low price. Storekeepers in want of Bulk Windows or inside Sash, would find it their advantage to employ him, as in many cases he would take part payment in goods.

JOHN GALLWAY.

No. 3 Lyndall's alley, near the S. W. corner of 12th and Walnut streets. dec 7—6m*

AN●REW MOORE'S

TOOTH BRUSH MANUFACTORY, No. 119 North Third street, above Race street, Philadelphia, where he offers for sale, Tooth Brushes, of a superior quality. Also, Fancy and Common Brushes, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. april 6—tf

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 55 Pine street, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city. aug 3—tf

S. PAGE & SON,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N B A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion Fifty cents charge for an entry. june 8—tf

FREDERICK KLETT,

WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, Oil and Colourman, No. 261, *N. E. corner of Callowhill & Second sts.* respectfully offers to Physicians, Country Merchants, Dyers and Fullers, a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, and Dye Stuffs; such as Logwood, Redand Nicaragua Wood, Fustic, Turmeric, Copperas, Verdigris, Madder, Cudbear, Woad, Oil Vitriol, Aqua Fortis, Muriatic Acid, Cochineal, &c. Dry and Ground White Lead, Red Lead, Orange Mineral, Litharge, Vermilion, Prussian Blue, Chromic Yellow, Rose Pink, Stone Ochre, Philadelphia and Patent Green, Umber, Whiting, &c; with a general assortment of Window Glass.

☞ The above articles will be sold on reasonable terms. Prompt attention will be paid to all orders which he may be favoured with, and packed in the most careful manner. july 13—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Hides, of the best cast steel, put in Penknive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles. oct 6—tf

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of Bricklayers and Mason's Tools, the property of a person declining business, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms, on application to JACOB S. CUNTZ, in Ann street, between Schuylkill Sixth and Seventh streets. sept 14—tf

BIRDS FOR SALE.

A LARGE and elegant assortment of Canary Birds, Mocking Birds and Red Birds, for sale at No. 173 Cherry street, the first house above Eighth street. N B—Also, a large collection of Fancy Pidgeons. dec. 14—1y

GEORGE ALLCHIN,

BOOK BINDER and GILDER on the edges of Books, Letter and Filagree Paper. Paper blacked on the edges for mourning, at No. 163 Vine street, third door above Fifth street, north side—Where he continues to manufacture Backgammon Tables and Chess Boards.

Orders from any part of the United States executed on reasonable terms. nov 4—tf

ADAMS & BURTON,

BOOK-BINDERS, No. 32, CHURCH ALLEY—☞ All orders in their line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to with neatness and despatch on the most liberal terms, &c. nov. 30—tf

To Merchants and others.

JONES & HARRISON, *Silk, Woollen, Cotton Dyers, Scourers, &c.* No. 102½ Arch st. south side, a few doors above Fifth, beg leave to inform their friends, customers and the public in general, that they have removed from No. 98 Union, to this old Dyeing establishment, and have fitted it up in a manner that is now calculated to Dye, Restore, and refold Piece Goods of every description, equal to any other establishment in this city.—They, therefore, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, under the full assurance of being able to give the utmost satisfaction in the performance of their work.

N B. Black for mourning or any other family articles dyed to pattern, or cleaned at the shortest notice. ☞ A large Iron Pan, suitable for Soap boilers or Glue manufacturers, for Sale cheap.

sept 14—tf

NEW SERIES.

IN less than 60 days a 4th class of the popular and judicious new series lotteries will be determined in the usual time of 5 minutes!!! The unprecedented dispatch and punctuality of payment in those lotteries daily increase the number of its admirers, while its acknowledged superiority in doing away entirely all that suspense and anxiety attending the drawing on the old plan, and in its infallibility to error, has as it was confidently anticipated, received the unanimous patronage of distant as well as local adventurers.

As the following scheme is formed on the combination of 33 Nos. packages of 11 embracing those numbers, have been purchased of the manager, each package of which will be insured to draw $40 in prizes, thus securing to the purchaser nearly one half of his venture, and his 11 shares, for prizes of sterling magnitude. But to those who cannot well lay out so much cash for such a short period, another mode is afforded them of paying their addresses to the goddess precisely on an equality with the former method, as respects chances; that is, on their paying the difference between what a package must of necessity draw and the present price of one. The sums then to be advanced will be—

On a whole package	$13 00
Do. halves	21 50
Do. quarters	10 75
Do. eighths	5 38

Also single tickets and shares in a variety of fancy numbers.

Union Canal Lotteries,

NEW SERIES,
ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.
SCHEME of the Fourth Class.

1 Prize of	$5,000	is	$5,000
1 do	2,080	is	2,080
1 do	1,500	is	1,500
3 do	500	is	1,500
4 do	400	is	1,600
28 do	50	is	1,400
56 do	25	is	1,400
196 do	16	is	3,136
1890 do	8	is	15,120
2180 Prizes.			$32,736
3276 Blanks.			
5456 Tickets at $6			$32 736

Will be drawn on the 5th February next or *sooner.*

SCHEME of the Fifth Class.

1 Prize of	$6,000	is	$6,000
1 do	4,000	is	4 000
1 do	1 938	is	1,938
3 do	1,500	is	4,500
4 do	1,000	is	4 000
31 do	100	is	3,100
31 do	50	is	1 550
62 do	25	is	1,550
186 do	16	is	2 232
2325 do	6	is	13 9 0
2845 Prizes.			$42,840
4495 Blanks.			
7140 Tickets at 6 dollars.			$42 840

Will be drawn on the 2d April next or *sooner.* Capital prizes, as in the former classes, for sale at

P. CANFIELD'S

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office, No. 127, Chesnut street, nearly opposite and between the Post Office and United States' Bank.

Where the grand capitals of $10,000 and $5000 in the last Lottery were sold and immediately paid—and where the cash will be paid for all prizes sold at the above office, as soon as drawn. Orders, post paid, thankfully received, and promptly attended to—and Clubs dealt with on the most favourable terms. dec 14—tf

THIMBLE MANUFACTORY.

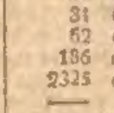
THE Subscriber continues the manufacture of GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLES, at his old stand, No. 65, Arch Street, between Second and Third Streets, on as low terms and as good quality as can be obtained. Also has on hand an assortment of Jewellery, Silver Spoons, &c. &c.

nov. 23—tf JAMES PETERS.

CROWLEY & FARR,

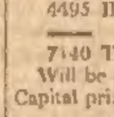
WATCH-MAKERS, No. 106, Market Street, between 3d and 4th streets, have for sale an assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches. Also, a variety of fine gold Chains, Seals, Keys, Jewellery, &c. &c., which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms. oct 5—tf

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,



KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. aug 3—tf

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

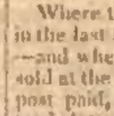


The Subscriber, thankful for the great encouragement he has already received, wishes a continuance of the public patronage as he has a large and general assortment of Apple, Peach, Pear, Cherry, Plumb and Apricot Trees, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. JOSEPH FRENCH.

N. B. Catalogues to be had of the Subscriber.

Mount Holly, N. J. Oct 14, 1822. (19—6m*

THE SUBSCRIBER



Offers for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of *Boots* and *Shoes*, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern shoes.

aug 3—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

SILK, *Woollen and Cotton Scourer, &c.* continues at the old stand, No. 31 Union street, where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c. dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. aug 3—tf

CARPETING, BEDDING, &c.

FOR SALE, at No. 29½ Market street, between Seventh and Eighth, a large quantity of first rate Feathers, Curled Hair, Moss, Patent Wool, and Cattails. Likewise, Ready made Feather Beds, Curled Hair, Moss, and Cattail Mattresses, Sacking Bottoms, Linen and Cotton Bed Tick, &c. Also, Superfine and Common Ingrain Carpeting, large and fashionable patterns—Venetian do. suitable for Entry Rooms and Stairs, 4-4 yds. and 8-8ths. wide. The above Goods will be sold low for cash to any amount.

jan 4—6m* ELIJAH LAWS, jr.

J. MORTIMER, 74 south Second st.

HAS constantly on sale, at reduced prices, Bank Books, Custom House and other Blanks, and Stationary in general. All the New Publications as they appear. Orders taken for European and American periodicals. Auction Books at the lowest prices. jan 4—6m*

PATENT SPRING SADDLES.

J. LUKENS & SON,

HAVING purchased the exclusive right of manufacturing Mr. Nathan Mixer's newly invented, and highly approved PATENT SPRING RIDING SADDLES, within the city and county of Philadelphia, now offer for sale, and will keep constantly on hand at their Manufactories, No. 102, and 106, MARKET STREET, a good assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Saddles, constructed upon springs, which has been pronounced, by the best Judges, to be the greatest improvement ever offered to the public; the Saddles being so constructed, as to be free from any liability to injure the horse's back, and to carry the rider with inconceivable ease.

N. B. The public are particularly requested to call at either of the above mentioned establishments, where they can see and judge for themselves, of the utility of the Spring Saddle, and likewise, if requested, be accommodated with one to ride or make trial of, where there is likewise, a complete assortment of the ordinary kinds of Saddles, Bridles, Travelling Trunks, Harness, Whips, Valises, &c.

All of which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms, wholesale and retail. oct 26—6m

The Partnership

BETWEEN William Farr and James Sickels, Venetian Blind Makers, having been dissolved by mutual consent, on the 9th of December inst. the business will be carried on in future by the Subscriber, at the former stand, No. 86 Locust street. WILLIAM FARR.

dec 28—tf

JOSEPH BROWNE,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to manufacture Boot Trees, Lasts, &c. at No. 13 Dock-street; where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of patronage. dec 28—tf

JEWELLERY, &c.

SAMUEL WITHINGTON, 119 Chesnut street, returns thanks to his friends and customers for the encouragement he has received, and informs them that they can be supplied, as usual, with Jewellery in its various branches, at wholesale, of his own manufactory, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Ladies can be supplied, as heretofore, with ornamental hair work, in all its branches, in a private room adjoining the store. oct 5—6m*

The Select Didactic Seminary,

IN Fromberger's Court (Second street, between Market and Arch) which is now vacated, will be re-opened on the 26th inst.

A class will be instructed in Drawing and Penmanship on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. A class will also be opened for instructing Adults in English Grammar, on principles calculated to insure a good knowledge of parsing in 25 lessons.

Application may be made at the Seminary, or at No. 13, opposite. PARDON DAVIS.

aug. 3—6m

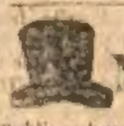
J. CAMPBELL, Mercer & Taylor,

HAS commenced business at the South East corner of ROCK and SECOND STREETS, where orders will be thankfully received, punctually attended to, and executed in the most fashionable manner, at the following prices:

FOR MAKING

A Tight-bodied Coat,	$3 50
A Frock do.	5 50
A pair of Pantaloons,	1 25
A Vest,	1 25

nov 9—6m



HAT STORE,

NO. 131 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

C. P. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf

BARGAINS.

CONSISTING of Knives and Forks, Brass Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Spoons, Gridirons, Coffee Mills, Skillets, Dutch Ovens, Patent Metal Tea Kettles, Sauce Pans, Waiters' Bread and Knife Trays, Snuffers and Trays, Flat Irons, Candlesticks, Frying Pans, Tea Caddies, Ladles, Steelyards, Curry Combs, Gimblets, Scissors, Shoe Knives and Tacks, Awl Blades, Ruffle Irons, Padlocks, Plated Castors, Britania Metal Tea and Coffee Pots, Looking Glasses, &c. with a general variety of other articles not herein enumerated, all of which will be sold at lower rates than can be purchased elsewhere. CHARLES K. SERVOSS,

No. 3½ North-Third street, east side, third house from Market st.

N. B. Also an assortment of TRUNKS and SHEET IRON STOVES. aug 31—1y

JOSEPH RICHARDS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has recommenced the Grocery business in the store, No. 22 NORTH SECOND STREET, adjoining Christ Church, where he has now on hand and for sale, a general and well selected assortment of every article in his line, such as very superior Old Cognac and Bordeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof—Holland Gin, Wasp Anchor—Jamaica Spirits—Antigua and St. Croix do.—L. P. Madeira Wine—Teneriffe, Lisbon, Dry and Sweet Malaga, Port and Claret do. in bottles or draft—Cherry Bounce,—with an assortment of Cordials and other Domestic Liquor—Fresh Bordeaux Salad Oil, by the basket or bottle—Green and Black Teas, of the latest importations in market—Coffee—Brown Lump and Loaf Sugar—Boston Chocolate, No. 1—Philadelphia do—Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Allspice, Pepper and Ginger—Raisins—Powder and Shot—Honey—W. I. and Sugar House Molasses—and a variety of articles which it is unnecessary to mention. aug 10—tf

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, No. 27 *Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive Shoes to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* aug 3—tf

SILVEIRA & BROWNE,

WOOLLEN DRAPERS AND TAYLORS, No. 23 South Second Street, between North and Grey's alleys, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have now on hand a handsome assortment of superfine Black and Blue CLOTHS, with a variety of other fashionable colours; a fine assortment of CASSIMERES and VESTINGS of the newest fashions; together with a large assortment of PLAID CLOAKS, which will be disposed of at a very low rate. Any of the above will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and as they are provided with the best workmen, they flatter they will be able to give satisfaction to those who may favour them with their custom. nov 30—tf

Wholesale & Retail Ladies' Shoe Store.

THE Ladies of Philadelphia, and the public generally, are respectfully informed that the Subscriber has commenced the Ladies' Shoe manufacturing business, in the stand recently occupied by T. Phillips, No. 92 Race street; where he hopes by low prices, good work, and punctuality in executing all orders, to obtain a liberal share of patronage. L. W. BUCKMAN.

sept. 28—tf

ROBERT S. ENGLISH,

Broker, Land Agent & Conveyancer,

HAS opened an Office at No. 2 Sheppard's Alley (running from Arch to Cherry streets, between 7th and 8th streets,) Philadelphia:—Where he will attend to the Purchase and Sale of Real Estate, Furniture, &c. He will also draw Deeds, Wills, Bonds, Mortgages, Letters of Attorney, Seamen's Protections, Bail Bonds, Mechanics' Claims, &c. and settle and adjust intricate Accounts of every description.

An intelligence Register will be kept where persons having Farms, Houses, or parts to Rent, or persons in want of such places, can be accommodated at a trifling expence. Also, Journeymen, Apprentices, Wet Nurses, Chambermaids, Grown Boys and Girls and Domestics in general procured or accommodated with situations.

Money procured on interest, Notes Discounted, Bonds, Mortgages, Ground Rents, &c. bought and sold on commission. R. S. E. will attend to any business where an agent or attorney might be useful.

A land register is kept open for inspection; fifty cents will be charged for an entry therein.

N.B.—R. S. E having made an arrangement with a gentleman of the bar, the public may rest assured of having every Instrument of writing in the above branches legally executed. dec 21—tf

Just Received, per Ship Moss,

AND on hand from former importations, and for sale by the Subscriber,

Emollient Vegetable, Sultana, Palm, Oriental, Cocoanut — SOAPS — Rose, Violet, Benzoin, Lilac, Bandana, &c. &c.

London Window Soap,
Do. Lavender Water,
Milk Roses, Honey Water, Extract Roses,
Hooped Lavender, Vegetable Essence, Pasta de Castagna,

BRUSHES and COMBS,

Of every description.

A fine Assortment of RODGERS'S

PENKNIVES & SCISSORS,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Pocket Books, Morocco Work Boxes, Silver Pencil Cases & Thimbles, Velvet Purses, Purse Clasps, Cut Glass Nursing Bottles, Children's Fancy Toys, &c. &c.

THOMAS S. ANNESS,

No. 141 Chesnut street, opposite the Philadelphia Bank.

oct. 5—tf

CHARLES N. ROBINSON,

CARVER AND GILDER, No. 56, Chesnut Street, has received by the late arrivals from England, a large assortment of plain and ornamented PASTEBOARD FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of Card Racks, Screens, Watch Stands, Segar Cups, &c. &c. No expence has been spared in selecting the very best articles, some of which for beauty and richness exceed any that have been before imported into this country. dec 21—tf

JOHN CULIN, Son & Co. Tailors,

No. 14 *Market and No. 5 south Front street,*

Have just received and opened, a large and elegant assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

THESE Goods, for style and quality, are not exceeded by any in the city—any of which will be made to measure, on terms that cannot fail of meeting the approbation of those that may honour them with their custom.

ALSO, ON HAND,

A handsome and fashionable assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of

DRESS COATS, SURTOUTS, BOX COATS, } NEW MARKET COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, With a variety of other CLOTHING, all of which have been recently made of goods selected from the above. Gentlemen purchasing by the quantity, would find it conduce to their advantage to call, as their terms will be the most reduced for cash.

Also, 200 Tartan Plaid Cloaks, Fine Linen Shirts, plain and ruffled, various qualities; Ladies' Wool Shirts and Drawers. oct 12—6m

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLE and PENCIL CASE MANUFACTORY, from No. 89 south Second street, to No. 45 Chesnut street, three doors above Second—Where he will continue to manufacture, and keep constantly for sale, the above Articles, of a superior quality.—He thanks his friends and the public for former favours, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

nov 16—6m JACOB STOCKMAN.

J. BUTTERWORTH'S wholesale and retail manufactory of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, and all kinds of Tin Work for Machinery, under the Shot tower corner of Market and Third street, south side, and at No. 355 North Third street.

N. B. On hand, a quantity of American and English Combplate and Cleaners, of an excellent quality. jan 4—3m

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Is published once a week, at two dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance, or three dollars if not paid before the end of the year.

All subscriptions out of the city must be regularly remitted, in advance, otherwise the paper will be discontinued at the close of the period for which payment has been made.

A wish to discontinue the paper on the part of City subscribers must be made known previous to the expiration of the time subscribed for, or the engagement will be considered good for another six months.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, by paying an additional two dollars in advance.

☞ All Letters or Communications, through the Post Office, must be post paid.